

IDAHO SILVER CONVENTION

Friends of White Metal Gather at Ketchum.

SILVER MEN CHALLENGED.

Significant Address of Governor McConnell in Opening the Meeting.

Various Committees Are Appointed and a Recess Taken Until Today, When the Committee on Resolutions Will Submit a Report.

KETCHUM, Ida., Aug. 14.—[Special.]—The state silver convention met here today. Governor McConnell called the convention to order. In his opening address he made the statement: "I am a Republican yet I want to let everybody know that unless Congress does something for silver I will cut loose from the party."

Considerable acrimony was engendered by bringing politics into the fight for chairman, the Populists precipitating it by nominating Captain Gunn. Governor McConnell was elected to the position and Secretary of the convention. Chairman McConnell read the following telegram:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 14.—The president's message was a challenge to the bi-metallic to mortal combat. The challenge was promptly accepted by the silver men and a remarkable struggle is on. Unconditional repeal is impossible and the possibility of free coinage seems more probable each succeeding day. Success to the convention and pray for us on this end. Hope history will give the silver committee. Braxton, my member of the committee and is working hard.

(Signed.) WILLIS SWEET.

Chairs followed the reading of this telegram. During the convention, committees were appointed as follows:

On Permanent Organization—W. E. Borup, I. L. Lewis, N. R. Woody, W. T. Riley, N. M. Hine.

On Resolutions—Wm. Balderston, E. B. True, Chaplain Gunn, R. H. Davis, L. A. York, R. A. Pierce, R. E. Lockwood, Wm. King, Geo. Newton, H. H. Clay, J. M. Brunner, Geo. Miller.

The convention then adjourned until Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, when the resolutions will be read.

IN THE HOUSE.

Continuation of the Debate on the Silver Problem.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—In the House, after the appointment of a committee on enrolled bills, the silver debate was resumed. Mr. Boatner, Democrat, of Louisiana, spoke in favor of free coinage. Mr. Boatner was followed by Mr. Layton, Democrat, of Ohio, on the unconditional repeal, and he by Mr. Patterson, Democrat, of Tennessee, on the same line.

Mr. Simpson, Populist of Kansas, read a speech made from the gentleman from Tennessee during the first session of the fifty-second Congress, advocating the free coinage of silver, and asked him to reconcile those views with those he held today.

Mr. Patterson replied that he had modified his views.

Mr. Spooner, Democrat, of Tennessee, asked Mr. Patterson whether Grover Cleveland was a candidate for re-nomination, if the (Patterson) was not a strong advocate of his nomination.

Mr. Patterson declined to talk on this subject, but said he was with Cleveland for a sound currency economic government and fair, just and equal taxation.

(Applause.)

Mr. Bailey, Democrat, of Texas, followed in a speech advocating the Bland free coinage substitute for the Wilson repeal bill.

Mr. Pendleton, Democrat, of West Virginia, was satisfied that the only way the party could be brought about between gold and silver was for the country to come to accord with other commercial nations of the world.

Mr. Warner, Democrat, of New York, would vote for the coinage of gold and silver on a parity but these metals must be of the same intrinsic value. The House then adjourned.

UNABLE TO ANSWER.

Mr. Rawlins Puts Some Pointed Questions to Mr. Patterson.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—[Special.]—Mr. Rawlins, during the silver debate in the House today, put some questions to Mr. Patterson of Tennessee, who was advocating the old standard, that the latter was unable to answer. Mr. Patterson simply dodged, not being anxious to compete with Utah's delegate. The silver men feel more hopeful now than they did last week. Eastern papers admit that the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law has a poor show, and they urge their men to work harder for their cause.

The silver speeches in the House today were strong and more on the same order as to follow. Mr. Bryan of Nebraska will probably speak tomorrow.

Senator Shoup introduced a bill today for the erection of a public building at Boise City, Idaho to cost \$200,000. It is the same bill he introduced in the last Congress.

SILVER IN THE COMMONS.

The Government Again Answers Questions Regarding White Metal.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—In the commons today Robert Everett asked the house, in view of the bill for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 24 to 1 introduced in the Senate of the United States, to declare the time opportune for Great Britain and the United States to establish a parallel basis for gold and silver.

IN THE WHITE CITY.

A Unique Musical Programme Attracted a Large Audience.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—The most unique musical programme yet given at the World's fair attracted a large audience to Music hall today. There was Wagnerian music, Irish jig dances by pipers and a rude team, being by oriental tribes, followed in rapid succession until the audience was dazed. This was one of the popular attractions arranged by a special committee. The songs and dances of the Dahomeans proved an attractive feature being followed by characteristic songs and dances by Indian chiefs and squaws of the Plaines. The grand concluding feature was the long and snip dance by Chief Crazy Horse.

Extensive preparations are being made for the entertainment of Rajah Rajagan of Kapwehlah, king of kings, tomorrow.

WORLD'S FAIR CONGRESSES.

Two of Them Began Sessions in Chicago Yesterday.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Representative members of the Masonic order throughout the United States began a congress here today in the nature of a reunion. It is expected, however, that another branch of the organization will be perfected.

The first session of a congress on Africa was held today. The programme was full of interest for those who followed the progress of civilization in the dark continent. Papers were read by the Belgian minister, Alfred Leghais, Mrs. French-Skelton, Komolou Mawou, a native African prince, and others.

The total admissions today were 125,658, of which 106,625 paid.

The international peace congress held its opening session here tonight. President Josiah Quincy, assistant secretary of state of the United States, presiding. The first session was devoted to addresses of welcome. Many foreign delegates are here and more coming.

THE YELLOW SBOURGE.

No New Cases Are Reported in Pensacola.

PENSACOLA, Fla., August 14.—The state health officer of Florida, today announced that an investigation of the cases of Rev. C. Waite and Ellen Wood, who were reported to have died of yellow fever in Pensacola on the 8th of August, shows nothing in the case of Waite to justify the diagnosis of yellow fever. In the case of Ellen Wood, opinion is given that while the record does not give a clear history of yellow fever, yet it contains sufficient evidence to justify the statement that the case was suspicious. It is thought to have been inspired within the last three days discovers no sickness of any suspicious nature among residents of the city.

THE FEVER IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Dr. Wyman of the marine hospital service tonight received a dispatch from Surgeon Hutton announcing the arrival at Brunswick, Ga., this evening. The surgeon's examination of Dr. Branham shows that there are suspicious symptoms of yellow fever.

THE MITCHELL ESTATE.

Senator Mitchell Cited to Appear and Answer Several Questions.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 14.—Judge Mann has cited Senator John L. Mitchell to appear in court the first Tuesday in September and show cause why he should not be removed from his position as administrator of the estate of John L. Mitchell, why he should not give further bonds as administrator; why his letters testamentary should not be revoked and a successor appointed as administrator. He was enjoined from disposing of any of the property in the meantime. Mrs. Mitchell, wife of the senator's father, was the petitioner.

Steamship News.

LONDON.—Sighted, Berlin from New York; Stuttgart from Baltimore; Ocean from New York.

Southern Express from New York.

New York—Rhaetia from Hamburg; Arizona from Liverpool; Normania from Havre.

Boatman—Victorian from London; Columbian from Liverpool.

Philadelphia—Russia from Hamburg.

A Daring Theft.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 14.—A daring thief stole a bag containing \$5,000 in gold lying in the window of the receiving teller of the First National bank. The bag had just been sent over from the clearing house, when an unknown man stepped to the window, seized the bag and escaped before pursuit could be organized.

Swedish Missionaries Killed.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 14.—Y. W. Aldis, tea dealer, just arrived from Hang Kow, China, states that Swedish missionaries were killed near there by a mob of Chinese two days previous to his leaving. No other cause could be learned save standing prejudice to the whites.

Fond in the Missouri.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 14.—The body of Captain H. Vernon Russell, late of the British navy, was found in the river tonight. Foul play is suspected. He had been in the city for some time and a short time ago was mixed up in a midnight street adventure in which he was badly wounded.

More of the Moacham Gang.

MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 14.—A report from Meacham, Clarke county, states that Henry Smith a spy for the Moacham gang was apprehended and hanged Saturday night near Salethor. Three of the gang have been arrested.

A Desperado Killed.

NEW BOSTON, Mo., Aug. 14.—Dr. D. B. Howard, of Becklin, while in a fight with his wife and wife's brother-in-law was shot and killed. Howard was a desperate character.

A Georgia Tragedy.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 14.—This afternoon at the Union depot Pat Mahan shot and killed Robert McBride, president of the Newman cottonseed oil mill, charging that McBride had insulted his wife.

OBITUARY RECORD.

Professor Newell.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 14.—Professor M. A. Newell, one of Maryland's foremost educators, with a national reputation as an author of school works, died this morning.

General Hamley.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Bruce Hamley died suddenly on Saturday from Bright's disease.

Bishop Clifford.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—William Joseph Hugh Clifford, Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of Clifton, died today.

A NEW REMEDY PROPOSED.

Senator Voorhees' Bill to Help the Financial Situation.

ENDORSED BY CARLISLE.

Senator Vest Delivers a Great Speech for Silver.

He Stands Squarely in Favor of the White Metal and Opposes the Demand of the Financial Four Hundred and England.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—While the monotonous debate over the question of free coinage or a repeal is progressing in the House with no prospect of a vote until two weeks from today, indications are that the Senate will devote the first legislative action entirely to another remedy for the financial situation—that of permitting the national banks to issue currency to the full par value of their United States bonds on deposit with the treasury.

Thus the two bodies will be working somewhat at cross purposes, and out of the complications to ensue no one knows what will finally result.

Developments in the Senate today were decidedly discouraging to those who hoped for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. The introduction by Senator Voorhees of an increased currency bill and its reference to a committee of which he is chairman indicates that the finance committee will first try to rely on commending the issue to national banks notes to the par value of bonds deposited, and that the question of free coinage and repeal of the Sherman act will be relegated to the future for more leisurely consideration.

Later in the day when Senator Vest repudiated his allegiance to bimetalism and spoke against the unconditional repeal of the Sherman act, the finance men found greater cause for disappointment.

When the Senate met an avalanche of petitions was presented and referred. Some prayed for a repeal of the present clause of the Sherman law, quite as many were against a repeal; several for the free use of silver as a legal tender in the United States, and some for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

Mr. Perkins, Republican of California, made his debut in the Senate with the presentation of various memorials from the San Francisco chamber of commerce for the enactment of a substitute for the purchasing clause of the Sherman act; for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands; and in favor of the Nicaragua canal.

At this point a national bank note bill was introduced by Senator Voorhees, chairman of the Finance Committee. Accompanying the bill was a letter from Secretary Carlisle, saying in part:

"The enactment of such a law would enable the national banks to issue and put in circulation at once on the bonds already deposited with the treasury, about \$19,000,000 in currency in addition to the amount now authorized and this in my opinion would afford a very considerable measure of relief to the country under existing circumstances."

Senator Mitchell (Republican) of Oregon gave notice of an amendment to be offered to the joint resolution to maintain the parity of gold and silver. The amendment, after a long preamble, declares that it is the sense of Congress that no change be made in the tariff laws during the Fifty-third Congress.

Senator Vest, Democrat, of Missouri, introduced a bill for the coinage of silver bullion in the treasury, saying it was sent him from New York and met his partial approval. It provides for the setting aside in coin and bullion as reserve such an amount of silver bullion purchased under the act of July, 1890, as shall equal at least one-third of the aggregate sum of treasury notes authorized by that act; that all the remainder of such bullion shall be deemed available for the issue of silver certificates; such remainder of the bullion to be coined and used for the redemption of silver certificates as are now issued by law; provided that this act shall not be deemed to alter or amend any of the provisions of the act of July, 1890.

The second section provides that national banking associations be entitled to receive the circulating notes of the value at par of United States bonds on deposits not, however, to exceed the amount of capital stock actually paid in.

Senator Vest then read to the clerk's desk to have read an article from the New York Recorder, headed: "Give us free silver!" After a portion of the article was read, Senator Vest said: "I have made up my mind to vote for free silver, and I have made up my mind to vote for the annihilation and destruction of half the money of the country and that showed that either the sentiment of New York or the object of silver was changing or the Recorder was a very brave paper."

Senator Hoar gave notice that tomorrow he will call up the resolution as to the Montana case, and, underdressed, at 10 o'clock Wednesday, press it to a conclusion.

Senator Vest then addressed the Senate on his resolutions in favor of bimetalism because it had fluctuated in value while that of gold was stable, he read an extract from what he called a "remarkable pamphlet," written by Montebell Douglas, a business man of London, before the closing of the Indian mints, pleading with the people of Great Britain to favor bimetalism as the only sure foundation for financial existence, and declaring that silver really fluctuated much less than gold. It was not over production of silver that brought down its value. It was legislation. Legislation in Germany and the United States. How could it be expected that silver would retain its value when those two great nations took away the monetary use of silver? With the resources and population of the United States it was only necessary for the United States to do a policy and stand by it. The trouble today was caused by the open and seditious insinuation of the idea that the country was about to go to a gold standard, and the silver money of the country would be worthless.

Senator Vest spoke of the unfortunate

condition of the miners of the west and said he knew what these people endured. Leaving the comfort of civilization and going out, rifle in one hand and pickaxe in the other, blasing a pathway of civilization in the canyons of the Rocky mountains. They built up the silver mining industry on the faith pledged them by the people of the United States in its constitution and laws that the products of those mines would be considered as a money metal, and we are now asked, through the financial "four hundred" of New York and the commercial classes of England, to betray these people and say to them find something else to do we want gold, gold! No, Mr. President, I will not do it.

In conclusion Senator Vest repudiated the idea of there being a necessity for an international agreement on the subject of silver, and at the close of his speech Mr. Hoar obtained the floor and the Senate adjourned.

THE SILVER DEBATE.

Republicans in the House Will Refuse to Participate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Leading Republicans of the House announce their intention of taking little or no part in the silver debate, on the ground that they were refused change to amend the order regulating debate. They declare that if they did not believe in free silver, or no silver, which were the only two alternatives which they believed would save the country from the financial crisis, they would not take part in the debate. It is doubtful, however, if they can hold to the programme outlined.

THE CURRENCY SITUATION.

Comptroller Eckels Thinks It Has Considerably Improved.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Comptroller Eckels thinks that our currency situation will be considerably improved this week by money sinking to its normal value. The premium paid for use of currency is dragging money from his hiding places, and he expects to see a considerable improvement in the currency situation.

HOUSE ANTI-SILVER MEN.

A Meeting Called for Tonight to Complete Organization.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—A meeting of the committee appointed last week to arrange on behalf of the anti-silver question in the House, has been called by Representatives Kayser and Cochran, for tonight at 7 o'clock. The purpose of the call is the appointment of sub-committees to take charge of the various features of the present currency situation, and to complete the organization of the anti-silver forces in the House. It is expected that the result of the poll of the House upon the pending measure will soon be ready for announcement. At the present time the majority in favor of the repeal vary from 22 to 30.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

They Will Probably Not Be Announced Till Early in September.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Prominent members of the House are coming to the conclusion that there is little hope of the committees being announced before the beginning of September, after the silver question is disposed of. The story circulated Saturday to the effect that Secretary Carlisle had stated that Representative William Springer of the majority in the House upon the pending measure will soon be ready for announcement. At the present time the majority in favor of the repeal vary from 22 to 30.

"FORCE DAY."

Taxes on May '90 Whisky Paid in Yesterday.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 14.—Today was "Force day" at the internal revenue office and owners of May '90 whisky in bond had to pay taxes on the quantity supplied by law. Suits were filed Saturday afternoon by E. L. Miles & Co. and the New Hope Distilling Company for a restraining order, to come up for hearing the first Monday in September. Meantime collections began promptly and the collector said he thought nearly the whole amount due, \$423,000, will be paid.

The General Electric Company.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—It is stated that the new company to retire the floating debt of the General Electric company has practically finished, and will be entirely paid for by the general company. The new company will have a preferred stock of \$4,000,000 entitled to 6 per cent. dividend, and \$4,000,000 common stock, these stocks to be issued upon securities in the General Electric company's treasury.

The Iron and Steel Trade.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 14.—The outlook in the iron and steel trade is brighter tonight than for some time. Several departments of Jones & Laughlin's resumed operations today, and a number of other mills have given notice of starting up. It will give employment to upward of 15,000 men.

Imports of Gold.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Eight hundred thousand dollars in Spanish gold arrived this morning from Havana.

La Normandie brought 1,044,000 francs to Bering, Magoun & Co., and 835,000 francs to Heidelberg, Ickelheimer & Co. The steamer Anania brought \$50,000.

Subsidiary Silver Coinage.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—The superintendent of the Philadelphia mint has received instructions from Washington to push small gold coinage and subsidiary silver as rapidly as possible, and if need be, to have the mint worked after hours to get the specie out.

Unable to Pay Wages.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 14.—The affairs of the Roomette society have reached a crisis. Trustee Duss yesterday notified the employees, numbering 300, that the society would be unable to pay wages any longer. The trouble is due to the financial stringency.

A Spanish Loan Negotiated.

MADRID, Aug. 14.—The government has abandoned its purpose of collecting duties in gold on account of the general protest throughout the country. A new loan of \$5,000,000, secured by Cuban bonds, will be issued in lire therefor.

Treasury Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Offers of silver today were 305,000 ounces. Sixty thousand were purchased at \$7.725. The purchases this month are 1,559,000 ounces.

FIFTEEN ROUNDS FOUGHT.

Creedon Finishes Greggains in Fifty-five Minutes.

5,000 PEOPLE PRESENT.

Among These Was the Maharajah of Kapurthala and Suite.

George Francis Train Was Also Present and Received an Ovation—The Battle Was a Hard Fought One from Start to Finish.

RONY, Ind., Aug. 14.—The Creedon-Greggains contest at Rony brought out fully 5,000 people tonight. Frank C. Creedon scored the first knockout by the Maharajah of Kapurthala who is visiting the World's fair, and several of his suite. George Francis Train was also there and received an ovation.

In the first round Greggains tried for Creedon's neck but was stopped. Creedon rushed but Greggains ducked and got two face blows and the round ended in his favor.

In the second round it was given and taken with honors easy.

The third, landed in Creedon's face and got away without a return. Greggains' generalship was admired and the round was much in Greggains' favor.

In the fourth and fifth there were numerous sharp exchanges, but nothing serious.

In the sixth, Creedon rushed his man and soon had him bleeding at the mouth. Creedon scored the first knockout and almost had his man finished, but Greggains came gamely to the scratch.

Round seven started in with Creedon doing his man fast, but Greggains had stood off and held his own gamely.

In the eighth Greggains seemed to have his second wind, but Creedon rushed and Greggains towards the end of the round had barely saved himself from being knocked out.

In the tenth and eleventh Creedon landed frequently, making Greggains bleed freely at the mouth.

During the twelfth Creedon landed twice on the stomach and got a face displacement in return. At this time a cheer in the audience was caused by the ticket office being set on fire, which caused a small panic, but it was over soon.

Round thirteen opened by Creedon landing freely on Greggains' wind and receiving a light punch in return. Greggains received heavy face punishment at the end of the round and was staggering when the bell sounded.

In the fourteenth Creedon received several hard ones in the face but continued to work for Greggains' wind and finally began to have his man groggy and again the round saved Greggains from being knocked out.

Round fifteenth Creedon came up with a determination to do his man and by a heavy blow on the chin knocked Greggains out within a minute after coming to the center of the ring, 55 minutes.

The Saratoga Track.

SARATOGA, Aug. 14.—Fast track. Seven furlongs—London won, Highland second, Ray 8 third. Time, 1:27.

Five and one-half furlongs—Miss Lilly won, Ellen second, Strathdown third. Time, 1:08.

One mile and a furlong—Deception won, Martyn second, Prince George third. Time, 1:54.

Six and one-half furlongs—San Joaquin won, Fred Tara second, Leonard third. Time, 1:24.

Six furlongs—Lisetta won, Melrose second, Promenade third. Time, 1:01 1/2.

Second race declared off.

Monmouth Park Races.

MONMOUTH PARK, August 14.—Fast track. Five furlongs—Wah Jim won, Addie second, Lake View third. Time, 1:30.

Six furlongs—Kingston won, Loantaka second, Gascon third. Time, 1:12 1/2.

Five furlongs—Longdale won, Black Hawk second, Venus Bird third. Time, 1:00 1/2.

Six furlongs—St. Leonard won, Lady Violet second, Roche third. Time, 1:27.

Five furlongs—Stonewall won, Queenlike second, Kazin third. Time, 1:00.

Six furlongs—L. L. Leach second, Nomad third. Time, 1:14 1/2.

Ball Games at Boise.

BOISE, Ida., Aug. 14.—[Special.]—Two hotly contested games of ball were played here between the Portland, Or., and Boise teams, the latter winning both. In the second game Portland tied the score in the ninth inning. Boise 7, Portland 6. Battery, Harkness and Loback; Portland, Johnson and Baldwin.

The second game was Boise 10, Portland 8. Batteries same as the first game, except that Vortely went in the box for Portland.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburg 6, St. Louis 5. PHILADELPHIA—Philadelphia 6, Boston 5. CLEVELAND—Cleveland 12, Cincinnati 5.

NEW YORK—New York 6, Brooklyn 2. CHICAGO—Chicago 5, Louisville 6. WASHINGTON—Washington 8, Baltimore 11.

Unfinished Races Rowed.

DETROIT, Aug. 14.—The unfinished races of the northwestern regatta were rowed off today. Edwin Hedley of the Passaic won the quarter mile dash for the senior single sculls in 1:17, also the senior singles one mile and a half with turn in 12:45.

Base Ball League Disbands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The California Base Ball league, composed of San Francisco, Oakland and Sacramento clubs, has broken up on account of poor attendance. The league was organized in 1891.

The Albert Cup.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Albert cup was won today by the yacht Britannia, the Stantia second, at the regatta of the Royal Albert Yacht club.

Still Discharging Men.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The Southern Pacific company has discharged 1,000 men working on the new road between Santa Margarita and San Luis Obispo, in the southern part of the state, which it is said, will reduce the monthly expenses of the Pacific coast company, an adjunct of the Southern Pacific company, fully \$35,000.

No More Cholera Cases.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—This evening's cholera bulletin says: "There are no new cases or deaths to report; all patients are improving. The hospital census is the same as at noon and the outlook is now more encouraging than since the

Karamania arrived and everything is under perfect control."

Sons of Veterans Meet.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 14.—The National convention of Sons of Veterans began a five day's session here today. The ladies and society holds a convention in conjunction. The convention proper opens tomorrow morning.

Cotton Mills Resume Work.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 14.—A score of cotton mills owned and operated by B. B. and R. Knif in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, started up this morning after having been stopped a week. They employ nearly 8,00